
Husband: Gideon Hunt Macon

Born: WFT Est. 1736-1780 in:
Married: WFT Est. 1762-1813 in:
Died: WFT Est. 1762-1826 in:
Burial:
Father:
Mother:

Other Spouses:

Wife: Mary Green

Born: WFT Est. 1744-1781 in:
Died: WFT Est. 1762-1838 in:
Burial:
Father: William Green
Mother: Mary Christmas

Other Spouses:

1	Name: Born: in: Married: in: Died: in: Burial: in: Spouse:
2	Name: Born: in: Married: in: Died: in: Burial: in: Spouse:
3	Name: Born: in: Married: in: Died: in: Burial: in: Spouse:
4	Name: Born: in: Married: in: Died: in: Burial: in: Spouse:
5	Name: Born: in: Married: in: Died: in: Burial: in: Spouse:
6	Name: Born: in: Married: in: Died: in: Burial: in: Spouse:
7	Name: Born: in: Married: in: Died: in: Burial: in: Spouse:

Gideon Hunt Macon

Notes

Gideon Hunt Macon migrated to North Carolina about 1740 and "took up" land on Shocco Creek in what was then Edgecombe, later Granville, still later Bute, now Warren County. His home, Macon Manor, built near the new court house, was the first house in the new country to boast the advantage of glass windows. He became a prosperous tobacco farmer and was a person of importance in the community. On 06 July 1756 he was made a Justice of the Peace (Quorum) of Granville County. For years he was vestryman of St. John's Parish and the last year of his life was appointed by the Colonial Legislature to survey the dividing line between St. John's and Granville Parishes. After his death, his widow on 09 Feb. 1763 married James Ransom, to whom she bore six children--half-brothers and sisters to her eight Macon children.

It is unfortunate that Gideon Hunt Macon chose to drop his middle name in his signature. Its omission has caused him to be identified with his father's oldest brother, Gideon Macon, Jr. who was born in 1682; whereas the presence of the name Hunt would have associated him instantly with John Macon whose wife was Ann Hunt, for whom his oldest child was named. That he was named Gideon Hunt Macon is verified by the statement of a great-grandson, Been Lee Seawell, grandson of Martha Macon Seawell, and of the Seawell Genealogy. In this book he says; "Martha Macon was the third daughter of Senator Nathaniel Macon. Her father was a descendant of Gideon Macon, the Huguenot." It is noteworthy that he does not say son of Gideon Macon, but descendant.

Further evidence is found in a series of "Historical and Genealogical Sketches" published in the Warrenton, N. C. paper during July, 1909, where

this statement is made: "Priscilla Jones married Gideon H. Macon- - -Their son Nathaniel was born 17 Dec. 1758." And in Tyler's Quarterly, Vol. 13, appeared an article entitled Field Jefferson's Second Wife. This wife was

"Mary Hunt, whose sister Ann Hunt married John Macon, son of Gideon the First, and the son of this union was Gideon Hunt Macon, who moved to North

Carolina, married Priscilla Jones, and left a distinguished progeny."

The most conclusive evidence is that offered by the Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, the intimate and trusted friend who was named by the Hon. Nathaniel Macon

as sole executor of his will. In a Memorial Oration on Nathaniel Macon he says, "Nathaniel Macon's great-grandfather was a Huguenot. His father,

Gideon Hunt Macon, was born in Virginia, whence came to North Carolina. His mother was a native of North Carolina and daughter of Edward Jones of

Shocco."

The will of Gideon Hunt Macon was made 20 Dec 1761 and is on file in the courthouse of Granville County, N.C.
